

HOW TO USE THE SELARSDI[™] PREFILLED SYRINGE

A step-by-step guide to self-injection

This guide is a supplement to the full Instructions for Use. It is not intended to replace the full Instructions for Use. Carefully read the full <u>Instructions for Use</u> before using SELARSDI. If you have further questions, ask your healthcare provider.

What is SELARSDI™ (ustekinumab-aekn) Injection?

SELARSDI is a prescription medicine used to treat:

- adults and children 6 years and older with moderate to severe psoriasis who may benefit from taking
 injections or pills (systemic therapy) or phototherapy (treatment using ultraviolet light alone or with pills).
- adults and children 6 years and older with active psoriatic arthritis.
- ◆ adults 18 years and older with moderately to severely active Crohn's disease.
- adults 18 years and older with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis.

It is not known if SELARSDI is safe and effective in children less than 6 years of age.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on pages 9-10 and <u>click here</u> for full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for SELARSDI.



This guide provides a basic outline of SELARSDI™ self-injection. Once your healthcare provider has shown you how to prepare and inject SELARSDI and decided you are ready to self-inject, it can help give you the confidence you need to take SELARSDI in the comfort of your home.

Do not try to inject SELARSDI yourself until you have been shown how by your healthcare provider.



<u>Click to watch a video</u> on how to use the SELARSDI prefilled syringe.

GATHER YOUR ITEMS



Take your carton of **SELARSDI** out of the fridge



If needed, you may keep SELARSDI at room temperature for up to 30 days before using it. Once you've stored it at room temperature, do not return it to the fridge.

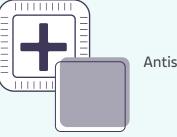
◆ **Do not** use SELARSDI if it has been kept at room temperature for more than 30 days or stored above 86 degrees Fahrenheit

Check both the dose and the expiration date printed on the carton.

- ◆ SELARSDI comes in 2 strengths: 45 milligrams and 90 milligrams. Your healthcare provider will have prescribed the right dose for you
- ◆ **Do not** use SELARSDI if the expiration date has passed. Call your healthcare provider, pharmacist, or 1-888-483-8279 for help



Gather the other supplies you will need



Antiseptic wipe

Cotton ball or gauze pad





Adhesive bandage

FDA-cleared sharps disposal container



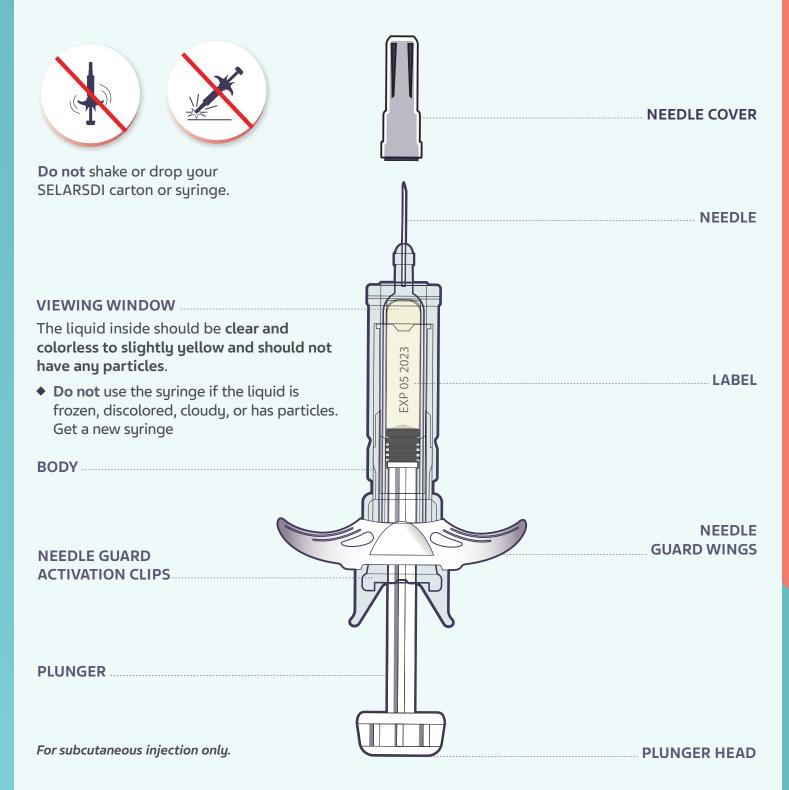
These supplies are not included with your medicine.





Inspect the SELARSDI™ prefilled syringe

Make sure you take note of all the different parts of the syringe.



Check the **dose** and **expiration date** printed on the syringe, and check your syringe for any damage. A damaged syringe should never be used.



PREPARE TO INJECT



Wash hands thoroughly

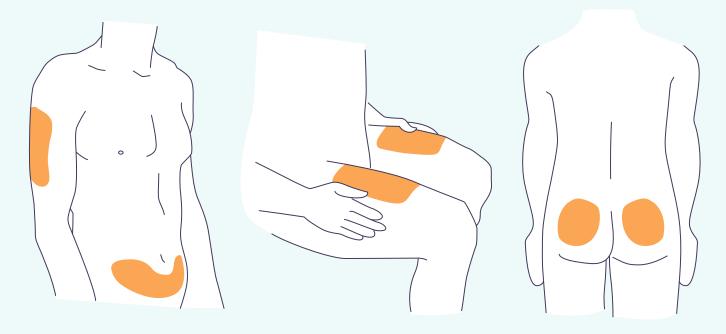
Use soap and warm water.



Choose a place on your body to inject SELARSDI™

You can choose your stomach area—avoiding a 2-inch circle around your belly button—your upper thighs, or buttocks.

• If someone else is giving you the injection, they may also use the outer area of your upper arms



Do not inject:

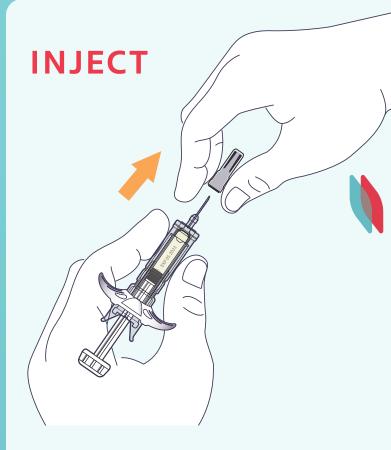
- ◆ Through clothes
- ◆ Into skin that is tender, bruised, red, or hard



Clean the area with an antiseptic wipe and let your skin dry naturally

Do not fan, blow on, or touch the cleaned area.





Remove the needle cover

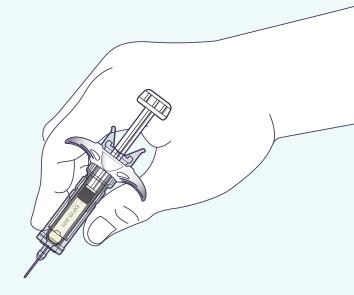
Pull the needle cover straight off and put it in the trash. You may see a drop of liquid at the end of the needle. This is normal.

- Do not touch the plunger or plunger head when removing the needle cover
- ◆ **Do not** touch the needle or let it touch anything
- ◆ **Do not** recap the needle
- Do not use the syringe if you drop it after removing the needle cover



Hold the syringe with one hand

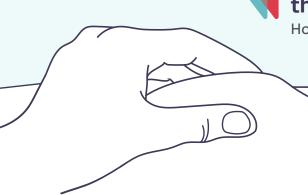
Hold the body of the syringe between your thumb and index finger.



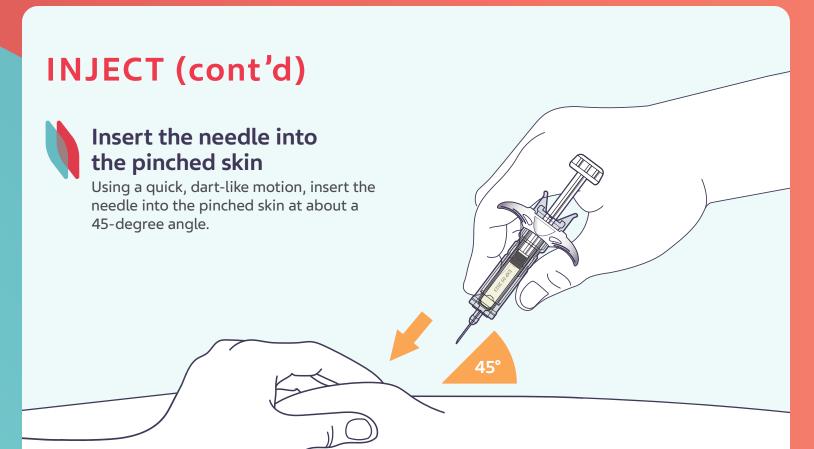


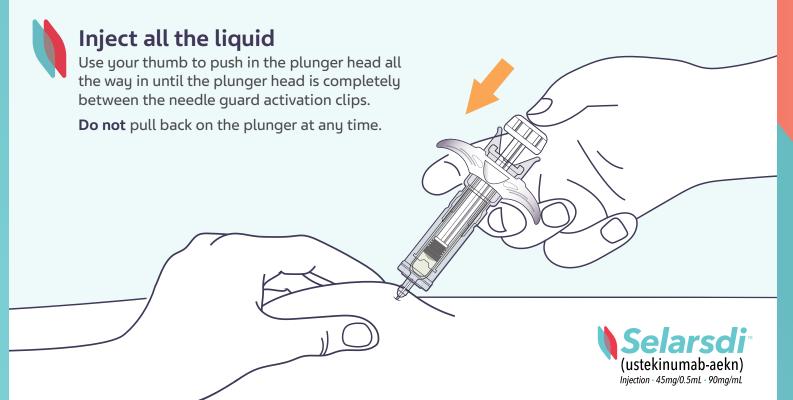
With the other hand, gently pinch the clean and dry area of skin

Hold the skin firmly.









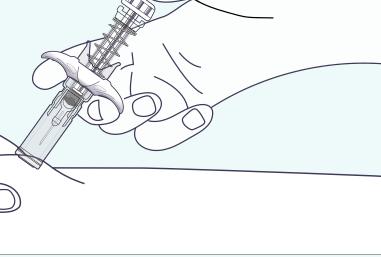
FINISH INJECTING



Keeping pressure on the plunger head, pull the needle out of the skin

When the plunger is pushed in as far as it will go, keep pressure on the plunger head and pull the needle out of the skin.

Next, slowly take your thumb off the plunger head, allowing the needle guard to cover the needle, and throw away your used syringe in your sharps container.

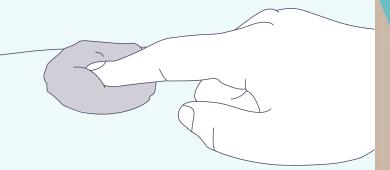




Treat the injection site

You may see a little bleeding where the needle went into the skin. This is normal. You can press a cotton ball or gauze pad onto the area and apply a small adhesive bandage, if necessary.

◆ **Do not** rub the skin where you injected



INJECTION COMPLETE!



If your prescribed dose is **90 mg** and you have **two 45 mg** prefilled syringes, you will need to give yourself a second injection right after the first.

Use a different site for each injection.



DISPOSE OF SYRINGE



Throw away your used syringes the right way



Put used syringes in an FDA-cleared sharps container immediately after use.

If you don't have an FDA-cleared sharps disposal container, you may be able to use an appropriate household container.

An appropriate household container:

- ◆ Is made of heavy-duty plastic
- Can be closed with a tight-fitting, puncture-resistant lid
- Stays upright and stable during use
- ◆ Is leak-resistant
- Is properly labeled to warn of hazardous waste inside

Tape the container shut when it is close to full.



When your container is almost full, follow your community guidelines for the right way to dispose of it



Do not use your household trash for used syringes, or—unless your community allows it—for your sharps container.



Do not recycle your sharps disposal container.

CONGRATULATIONS!



If you've familiarized yourself with these steps and read the full <u>Instructions for Use</u>, you now know what you need to know about self-injecting SELARSDI™.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

SELARSDI™ (ustekinumab-aekn) Injection is a prescription medicine that affects your immune system. SELARSDI can increase your chance of having serious side effects including:

Serious Infections

SELARSDI may lower your ability to fight infections and may increase your risk of infections. While taking ustekinumab products, some people have serious infections, which may require hospitalization, including tuberculosis (TB), and infections caused by bacteria, fungi, or viruses.

- ◆ Your doctor should check you for TB before starting SELARSDI and watch you closely for signs and symptoms of TB during treatment with SELARSDI.
- ◆ If your doctor feels that you are at risk for TB, you may be treated for TB before and during treatment with SELARSDI.

You should not start taking SELARSDI if you have any kind of infection unless your doctor says it is okay.

Before starting SELARSDI, tell your doctor if you:

- think you have an infection or have symptoms of an infection such as:
 - fever, sweats, or chills
 - muscle aches
 - cough
 - shortness of breath
- blood in phlegm
- weight loss
- warm, red, or painful skin or sores on your body
- · diarrhea or stomach pain
- burning when you urinate or urinate more often than normal
- · feel very tired

- are being treated for an infection or have any open cuts.
- get a lot of infections or have infections that keep coming back.
- ◆ have TB, or have been in close contact with someone with TB.

After starting SELARSDI, call your doctor right away if you have any symptoms of an infection (see above). These may be signs of infections such as chest infections, or skin infections or shingles that could have serious complications. SELARSDI can make you more likely to get infections or make an infection that you have worse. People who have a genetic problem where the body does not make any of the proteins interleukin 12 (IL-12) and interleukin 23 (IL-23) are at a higher risk for certain serious infections that can spread throughout the body and cause death. People who take SELARSDI may also be more likely to get these infections.

Cancers

SELARSDI may decrease the activity of your immune system and increase your risk for certain types of cancers. Tell your doctor if you have ever had any type of cancer. Some people who had risk factors for skin cancer developed certain types of skin cancers while receiving ustekinumab products. During your treatment with SELARSDI, tell your doctor if you have any new skin growths.

Posterior Reversible Encephalopathy Syndrome (PRES)

PRES is a rare condition that affects the brain and can cause death. The cause of PRES is not known. If PRES is found early and treated, most people recover. Tell your doctor right away if you have any new or worsening medical problems including: headache, seizures, confusion, and vision problems.

Serious Allergic Reactions

Serious allergic reactions can occur. Stop using SELARSDI and get medical help right away if you have any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction such as: feeling faint, swelling of your face, eyelids, tongue or throat, chest tightness, or skin rash.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on page 1 and page 10 and <u>click here</u> for full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for SELARSDI.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Lung Inflammation

Cases of lung inflammation have happened in some people who receive ustekinumab products and may be serious. These lung problems may need to be treated in a hospital. Tell your doctor right away if you develop shortness of breath or a cough that doesn't go away during treatment with SELARSDI.

Before receiving SELARSDI, tell your doctor about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- ♦ have any of the conditions or symptoms listed above for serious infections, cancers, PRES, serious allergic reactions or lung inflammation.
- ever had an allergic reaction to ustekinumab products or any of ingredients in SELARSDI. Ask your doctor if you are not sure.
- ♦ have recently received or are scheduled to receive an immunization (vaccine). People who take SELARSDI should not receive live vaccines. Tell your doctor if anyone in your house needs a live vaccine. The viruses used in some types of live vaccines can spread to people with a weakened immune system, and can cause serious problems. You should not receive the BCG vaccine during the one year before receiving SELARSDI or one year after you stop receiving SELARSDI.
- ♦ have any new or changing lesions within psoriasis areas or on normal skin.
- are receiving or have received allergy shots, especially for serious allergic reactions. Allergy shots may
 not work as well for you during treatment with SELARSDI. SELARSDI may also increase your risk of
 having an allergic reaction to an allergy shot.
- receive or have received phototherapy for your psoriasis.
- ◆ are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if SELARSDI can harm your unborn baby. You and your doctor should decide if you will receive SELARSDI.
- received SELARSDI while you were pregnant. It is important that you tell your baby's healthcare provider before any vaccinations are given to your baby.
- ◆ are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. SELARSDI can pass into your breast milk. Talk to your doctor about the best way to feed your baby if you receive SELARSDI.

Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your doctor and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

When prescribed SELARSDI:

- ◆ Use SELARSDI exactly as your doctor tells you to.
- ◆ SELARSDI is intended for use under the guidance and supervision of your doctor. In children 6 years and older, it is recommended that SELARSDI be administered by a healthcare provider. If your doctor decides that you or a caregiver may give your injections of SELARSDI at home, you should receive training on the right way to prepare and inject SELARSDI. Your doctor will determine the right dose of SELARSDI for you, the amount for each injection, and how often you should receive it. Do not try to inject SELARSDI yourself until you or your caregiver have been shown how to inject SELARSDI by your doctor or nurse.

Common side effects of SELARSDI include: nasal congestion, sore throat, and runny nose, upper respiratory infections, fever, headache, tiredness, itching, nausea and vomiting, redness at the injection site, vaginal yeast infections, urinary tract infections, sinus infection, bronchitis, diarrhea, and stomach pain.

These are not all of the possible side effects with SELARSDI. Call your doctor for medical advice about side Effects. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for more information.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Teva Pharmaceuticals at 1-888-483-8279 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

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